MEXICO CITY, May 23.—The condition of Vice Consul John R. Silliman, who was suffering from a heavy cold on his arrival here yesterday from Saltillo, was considerably improved today. Mr. Silliman will make no detailed statement reman will make no detailed statement regarding his experiences, at least until after he reports to the consul at Vera Cruz, W. W. Canada. He will leave for Vera Cruz Monday, and expects to proceed at the first possible moment to the United States.

H. L. De Genar, who accompanied Mr. Silliman from Saltillo, was seriously ill today and is threatened with pneumonia.

Return of Villa's Army to Torreon Puzzling

EL PASO. Tex., May 23.-The return of Villa's army to Torreon as reported dispatches received here today somewhat puzzled spectators of the campaign south

One explanation was that Villa, after taking Saltillo, would move against Zacatecas by way of Torreon, thus cleaning up the country along a straight line drawn east and west. This accounted for the giving up of the projected campaign

against San Luis Potosi Another speculation had to do with the reported insubordination of the Arrieta brothers, insurgent leaders in Durango state, which would be entered by way of Torreon. This was denied emphatically by local representatives of the constitu-tionalist government and insurgent lead-

res in Juarez.

It was said that all of Villa's troops returned to Torreon with the exception of the Robles Brigade, which remained to garrison Saltillo.

garrison Saltillo.

Advices given out by the official information bureau at Juarez said that the federals before evacuating Saltillo had sacked the town, burning many buildings, among which was the Saltillo Casino, a 1.000,000 rated the second finest in Mexico

INTENSE ACTIVITY AT PEACE PARLEY

(Continued from First Page.)

House, gave rise in some circles to a feeling of optimism that the processes of mediation might be facilitated by some sort of participation by the Carranzistas.

some sort of participation by the Carranzists.

Among all the constitutionalists here, however, there was every disposition to let word of Gen. Carranza's intentions come from the chief of the revolution himself. Some of those close to the cause, while disclaiming any lack of sympathy with all efforts to compose the present difficulties, continued to express their doubt of Carranza's willingness to take any position which might be interpreted in Mexico as participating in a mediation concerning the internal affairs of that republic. While the negotiations continue Mr. Vasconcelos may remain in Washington, and officials here who hope to see the Niagara confernce proceed with the advantage of information from constitutionalist sources were hopeful of success. subsequently broken when Huerta sent thrown into a cell three feet wide and seven feet long, and kept there for twenty-four hours. The next day, he said, all the Americans, including Consul Sillman, were brought together into a large room and closely that I sincerely hope and wish that the plan for a commission form of government in Mexico City during

| Servant Is Arrested. | Subsequently broken when Huerta sent thrown into a cell three feet wide and seven feet long, and subsequently broken when Huerta sent thrown into a cell subsequently broken when Huerta sent introduction, and seven feet long, and seven leet long, and seven leet long, and subsequently broken when Huerta sent him on a mission to Japan and made it dangerous for him to return. "I desire, first of all," said Gen. Diaz, to said Gen. Diaz, that I sincerely hope and wish that the conference at Niagara Falls may be a complete success in restoring internal peace to Mexico and in removing all differences with foreign governments.

"I am greatly pleased that the three mediating countries have taken so great an interest in trying to find a solution for the issues between the United States and Mexico, and it would be well, indeed, from Dr. Moore, or to give publicity to the facts.

Servant Is Arrested.

of government in Mexico City during the transition period has not found favor with the constitutionalists. fore Charge O'Shaughnessy left the Mexican capital he forwarded to Washington, at the direction of the State Department, a list of Mexicans, who might be termed "elder statesmen," as a possible council of notables to form a provisional council of notables to form a provisional government and maintain order in Mexico City, should the expected fall of Huerta occur before another government was ready to supplant him.

This list was headed by Luis Mendez and was composed of Mexicans who were said to have had no connection with the factions and intrigues and the revolutions of the last three years. To most of the

of the last three years. To most of the names suggested, the constitutionalists have objected on the ground that the men are members of the Catholic party, and on the larger ground that the constitutionalists have made other plans for assuming the reins of power.

Ready to Assume Power.

Their plan provides that should a sudden elimination of Huerta leave the government in Mexico City without a head, or should a popular uprising or army re volt overturn affairs there, a constitu tionalist funta already provisionally or ganized would take control of the machinery of the government and turn it over to the chief of the constitutionalist movement. The recently reported dis-affection of Gen. Velasco, Huerta's de-feated commander at Torreon; repeated indications of undercurrents of dissatis-

a limited character, necessarily slow and careful Influences favorable to such representa-

Influences favorable to such representation are being communicated to Gen. Carranza, but it is believed they are of a direct nature, and it is understood that the general's representatives in Washington are doing little more than acting as bearers of these exchanges. Some of these best informed believe it is a matter which he alone will decide after the post careful and possibly prolonged control that the property of the south of the purpost careful and possibly prolonged control that the property of the south of the river. nost careful and possibly prolonged con-

HARRY LORD SEES CALLAHAN.

Will Not Rejoin White Sox, But Would Consider a Trade.

BOSTON, May 23.—Harry Lord, former their will thancock. team, who left it abruptly in Washingon recently, came here today to see Manager Callahan. Lord said he had no intention of rejoining the White Sox, and did not expect to return to base ball, "If I were traded to some other club, "If I were traded to some other club, however, I might consider the opportunity to remain in the game," Lord said. "I don't want to play base ball, but it's about the only thing I can do."

He declared emphatically that there had been no friction between him and the club. He left, he said, because he felt his ability to play well was decreasing, but added that his rest had made him feel "100 per cent better." feel "100 per cent better."

He returned to his home at Portland,

15.000 MORE MEN NEEDED.

Oklahoma Expects Record Wheat Crop of 40,000,000 Bushels.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., May 23.-Fifteen thousand additional hands will be needed in Oklahoma to harvest the 1914 wheat crop, according to State La-bor Commissioner Daugherty here today. The commissioner estimates the crop at 0,000,000 bushels, the largest the state ever has produced.

Harvesting will begin in the southern part of the state the first week in June and continue thirty days.

JAIL-MATE TELLS SILLIMAN'S STORY

Tale of Vice Consul's Arrest, Departs Hurriedly.

SAYS HUERTA SENT WORD TO HANG ALL AMERICANS

After All Others Had Been Released, Says Physician.

That Vice Consul John R. Silliman, classmate of President Wilson, was imprisoned for more than three weeks in Saltillo, and held there as a spy, even after other Americans, who were arrested at the same time, had been set at liberty, is now officially known to the State Department.

Dr. J. Franklin Moore, a resident physician in Saltillo for more than ten years, who was in jall with Consul Silliman, told the story of their arrest to officials of the State Department yesterday morning, and then hurried out of town, presumably on the advice of State Department officials, who are reluctant to have of the affronts and indignities suffered by the consular agent of the government. Vice Consul Silliman was detained in Saltillo, after Dr. Moore was released, on the charge that he was a spy. He is now in Mexico City recuperating from the hardships he suffered and from the trip from Saltillo to the capital. He expects to leave Mexico City for Vera Cruz tonorrow, and is coming directly to Wash-

Orders Americans Hanged.

Dr. Moore said that April 22 a telegram came to Saltillo, signed "Victoriano Huerta," stating that American warships were bombarding Vera Cruz and after the signatures were the words, "Hang all

All Americans were at once summone All Americans were at once summoned to headquarters by the civil authorities. Dr. Moore said he was forced to leave a patient with the promise that he would be back in a few minutes, but that he did not get out of jail for fifteen days. He said he was first thrown into a cell three feet wide and seven feet long, and kept there for twenty-four hours. The dangerous for him to return to recomment, and others who saw a pact signed with Huerta whereby Diaz was to be given an opportunity to become the candidate for president, but which agreement was subsequently broken when Huerta sent him on a mission to Japan and made it dangerous for him to return.

Servant Is Arrested.

A Filipino servant of Capt. Rush of the navy, who disappeared into the in-terior of Mexico from Vera Cruz a fortnight ago in civilian clothes, was taken prisoner by the Mexican federal troops and arrived in Mexico City yesterday under arrest, according to information reaching here last night.

The Filipino, at first reported to have een Rear Admiral Fletcher's servant, said he had gone into the interior to gather mangoes for the naval officers' mess, but other reports indicated he was deserting. Admiral Badger sent word through Consul Canada, to Gen. Maas, the federal commander outside Vera Cruz, explaining the character of the servant, and asking Maas to assist in his return. Consul Canada's messenger delivered his agreement about designating a person to letter to Gen. Maas and then proceeded to Mexico. City. For a time if was believed he had been arrested, but he returned to Vera Cruz today.

Secretary of State Bryan probably will request the Filipino's release, through the Brazilian minister in Mexico City.

Butchered 300 Men.

Mexico City dispatches to diplomatic ources here reported that when constitutionalist troops captured Tepic several lays ago they put to death the entire ederal garrison of 300 officers and men.

Rebels Cross Panuco.

Rear Admiral Mayo reported from Tamthirty miles south of the river.

Conditions at Tampico continued to improve, and while neither the State Department nor the naval officers on the spot felt justified in advising a general return of the Americans who had left Mexico durinig the disorders, the Secretary of the Navy granted permission to refugees now at Galveston, who claimed they were brought from Tampico against they were brought from Tampico against their will, to return on the transport Hancock. A number of British oil men also have left Galveston for Tampico.

URGE WARNER TO RUN.

Friends Want Kensington Man to Enter Congressional Race. Special Dispatch to The Star.

ROCKVILLE, Md., May 23.-Interest has been aroused among Montgomery county republicans by the announcement that friends of Brainard H. Warner, ir. of Kensington are urging him to become a candidate for the republican nom for Congress in this district.

It is said that there is a large number of republicans in the district who would like to see him again the party nominee, n view of the good showing he made four years ago under adverse circumstances. and it is believed that he can be prevailed upon to announce his candidacy.

Mr. Warner has, it is understood, re cently stated to some of his friends that he would define his position in the near future. Should he become his party's nominee, his friends declare he ty's nominee. his friends declars would make it interesting for the de-cratic candidate.

Charge Fourteen With Loitering.

Unlawful assembly was the charge written opposite fourteen names at the first precinct police station last night. The police arrested them on 9th street Prospects for a record-breaking wheat crop in Frederick county, Md., wheat crop in Frederick county, Md., have been threatened by the discovery of the Heatian fly in different localities.

The poince arrested them on strict street tempted to escape. One, U. G. Bereup, leging that the men were lottering on the sidewalk. Each defendant deposited at the spine and probably will struck in the spine and s

GEN. DIAZ PLEASED BY MEDIATION PLAN

Dr. J. F. Moore, After Reciting Hopes Niagara Falls Conference Will Solve Mexico's Difficult Problem.

> PROMISES ALLEGIANCE TO NEW GOVERNMENT

U. S. Agent Was Held in Jail as Spy | Suggests Settlement of His Country's Land Troubles Says People Fear Villa

> TORONTO, Ont., May 23.-Gen. Felix Diaz, who is stopping in this city, to-In the event that a new provisional conferences, he said he would be among the first to swear allegiance to it, for country, now of all times, required the subordination of personal desires to

the national welfare.

Seated in his apartments in a private hotel, where he has been for several days, Gen. Diaz dictated a statement to the Associated Press. He suggested that the mediators consult informally the leaders of all the political parties of Mexico taking part in the last two presidential elections. Thus they could obtain for provisional president a man satisfactory to all factions. Also Gen. Diaz said the land problem could be settled by imposing prohibitive taxes on the large estates, compelling the owners to relinquish them. He thought the peons should be given only the usu-fruct of the land, because otherwise they would soon sell it rather than cul-

Friends Are Near Him.

Grouped about Gen. Diaz were the members of his suite, some who had served with him in Vera Cruz and Mexico City, when he twice revolted against the Madero government, and others who saw a pact signed with

Benefits of Mediation.

He spoke at length of the benefits which would result from an American solidartion. He said that while he did not know the character of the instructions given

the Huerta delegates, he took it for granted that they could arrange for the retirement of Gen. Huerta. This seemed to him essential not only to satisfy the grievances of the United States, but to resuscitate the governmental machinery of Mexico.

"If Huerta is to go." he said. "I believe there ought to be a meeting of the leaders of all the political parties incorporated by law, and which took part in the last presidential elections, in order that these parties may arrive at some agreement about designating a person to take the reins of government, provisionally, and call a general election, one entirely free. I suggest this only in the event that the mediators and the delegates agree to seek out persons fitted for provisional president.

Will Support Government.

"When a new government shall have been legally established which shall satisfy the aspirations of the people, I shall be the first to help to sustain it. Gen. Diaz said that if the mediation movement. The recently reported disaffection of Gen. Veiasco, Huerta's defeated commander at Torreon; repeated
indications of undercurrents of dissatisfaction with the Huerta regime in the
capital, and the disintegration of the
Huerta cabinet are attracting attention to
that phase of the situation. Constitutionalists here say they have men in the
Mexican capital equal to such emergency.

Carranza May Be Hedged In.

Some of those most familiar with the
complicated processes of Mexican politics
and the consideration which the constitutionalists feel they are obliged to pay
to their internal situation incline to the
belief that however much Gen. Carranza
might personally realize the desirability
of having an agent at the Niagara Falis
conference, he possibly finds himself
hedged about by circumstances and condittions which will make the negotiations,
or a limited character, necessarily slow

Identity and the the desirability of the foreigners during the
hedged about by circumstances and condittions which will make the negotiations
of a limited character, necessarily slow

Identity and the gains of 300 officers and men.

These dispatches also confirmed reports
that Gen. Obregon's forces were hasten
ing on to Guadalajara and that there was
great apprehension among foreigners in
that city. Bandits from the mountains
that city. Bandi were to be confined to international ques showed an unwillingness to submit their cause to the public opinion of the world. As a matter of fact, the Mexican people abhorred, he added, the terrible crimes of Villa's army. He did not think they would ever reach Mexico City in their military campaign.

Case of Self-Preservation. "The people," he said, "will rise in

arms to defend themselves against the invaders. Their terror now of Villa and Carranza is the very thing which makes them rally to the defense of Huerta, for it is a case of self-preservation, and the it is a case of self-preservation, and the region which the constitutionalists are now approaching is more thickly populated and is more easy to defend from a military point of view than northern Mexico, with its small population."

Gen. Diaz drew a distinction between "arbitration" and "mediation," holding that in arbitration only certain points submitted for discussion could be taken submitted for discussion could be taken up, while mediation permitted the intervening tribunal to go to the bottom of all problems and seek to remedy underlying evils, which produce national unrest. In this connection he pointed out that the land question was the real cause of revolutions in Mexico, and that if it were settled properly other internal difficulties could be easily settled in course of time. submitted for discussion could be

Plan for Settling Problem.

"My plan for settling the land problem," aid he, "would be to divide the vast tracts of land for the benefit of the poor people, but not to give them proprietary rights, because it has been true in many places, where land has been divided, that places, where land has been divided, that it will be sold and not cultivated. I would sugge giving the people usufruct of the land only, so that it will be tilled. There ought also to be progressive taxes, so that large owners would be forced to divide their estates."

Gen. Dlaz said he had not come to Toronto to be near the mediation conferences, but he did not think the Mexican people would approve of his staying

ican people would approve of his staying on American territory in case hostilities should be resumed. He saw no prospect of war, but believed it was more patriotic for him to be on neutral soil at this time. He expects to stay in Toronto in-He expects to stay in Toronto

Three Idaho Convicts Are Shot.

BOISE, Idaho., May 23 .- Three prisoners were shot by guards of the Idaho state penitentiary today when they attempted to escape. One, U. G. Bereup,

REBELS PLAN TO BILL TO REINSTATE HARASS ZARAGOZA PERKINS FAVORED

Defeated Federal Commander House Committee Reports Out Disposal of Subject at This Must Fight Again or Enter Measure to Place Officer Wilderness. on Active List.

TAMPICO AGAIN NORMAL: REPORTS OF PHYSICIANS **CONFIDENCE IS RESTORED** ARE QUOTED BY DANIELS

to Constitutionalists—To Assess Loan of 1.000,000 Pesos.

TAMPICO. May 23.-Brought to a halt in his march to the south, Gen. Morelos day said he heartily approved of the Zaragoza, the defeated federal commander mediation proceedings at Niagara Falls, of the Tampico garrison, will have to face in battle once more the constitution government results from the mediation alists who drove him out of this place, or enter the wilderness of mountains in the Gen. Zaragoza was at Ozuluama, about

miles from Tampico, yesterday morning, according to advices received by the constitutionalist commander here, with a force estimated at from 2,000 to

One thousand constitutionalists under Col. Rafarrate crossed the river south of here today, and moved in the direction of Ozuluama. There is moving northward and sliightly toward the interior another force of constitutionalists of Gen. Candido Aguillar's command with Ozul-Candido Agullar's command, with Ozul-uama as the objective point also. If the federal commander chooses the west, his path will be obstructed at Tantoyuca by a small detachment of Aguilar's men. These, however, probably will offer no resistance, but the federals will body of constitutionalists under orders to harass Zaragoza in the mountains of

Tampico Is Again Normal.

The long siege of Tampico and the fina attack and capture of the city by the constitutionalists only nine days ago ap parently exist as almost forgotten memo ries in the minds of the citizens today Business is being transacted as usual the theaters are open and confidence has

been fully restored.

Everywhere, as on the first entry of Caballero and his troops, perfect order is being maintained. Measures have been taken so that the citizens now have an

ample water supply.

Army sanitary authorities are active in cleaning the streets and are taking every precaution against the spread of disease, with satisfactory results. Al disease, with satisfactory results. All departments of the civil government have been restored to activity and many experienced employes of the former administration have been reappointed to office. The principal problem for Gen. Caballero on entering the city was to keep his men in control, and they yielded with splendid discipline.

There is no lack of food here, but the prices of all provisions have been great-

There is no tack of food here, but the prices of all provisions have been greatly increased, causing considerable suffering among the poor. There is a growing demand for laborers for work on the oil properties up the river and the refineries

Finances Causing Concern.

The question of finances is giving much concern to the constitutionalists the Huerta delegates, he took it for but this is expected to be relieved by

Announcement is made that the work of raising the gunboat Vera Cruz, which was sunk by the federals ten miles up the river, probably will soon be success ful, but the crew, before scuttling the ship, disabled all the guns. The only present obstruction in the river is an oil barge sunk by the federals off the

oil barge sunk by the federals off the city.

Gen. Alberto Carrera Torres, who has been operating near Cardenas, a division point on the railroad between San Luis Potosi and Tampico, recently defeated a considerable force of federals which had moved out from San Luis Potosi. This news was conveyed to the constitutionalist headquarters here about the same time as a telegram received from Carranza reporting the presence of Villa in front of Saltillo, and served to lighten the spirits of the Tambico garrison.

columns an issue.

Sunday,

Monday,

Tuesday,

Friday,

(Seal.)

ISSUE IN CONGRESS

Session Is Question of Hour.

MEMBERS ARE CLAMORING TO ENTER CAMPAIGNS

Question of Finances Giving Concern In Letter to Lawmakers, Secretary President, Who Wants Action, May of Navy Says Retiring Board's Have Hard Time Holding Action Was Not Justifiable Lawmakers Here.

> To enact trust legislation or not t Lieut. Col. Constantine Marrast Per upon the active list if the bill reported favorably from the House naval affairs committee is enacted. The case is Corps annals. Secretary of the Navy Daniels in a letter to the Senate naval affairs committee stated that Lieut, Col. unless Congress remains in session un Perkins had suffered a grave injustice til September or later. This Congress in being forced to retire.

> retired from the active list as being ing, and that his consent to retire from the service was given solely to escape the disgrace of the charge of insanity."
>
> The matter was investigated by a former Congress, and after exhaustive hearings the naval affairs committee of the House of Representatives came to the conclusion that Lieut. Col. Perkins' complaint was justifiable and recommended his reinstatement to the active list of colonels to a place to which he would have held had be not been retired.

The officer, says the report, "claims

that he was placed in a position where

letter he said:

"In reaching an opposite conclusion and in deciding to recommend the passage of an amended measure to restore Col. Perkins I have been largely influenced thereto by the evidence of four eminent surgeons who gave testimony before the board, to wit, Col. William C. Gorgas, now surgeon general of the army; Dr. George A. Lung, one of the ablest surgeons in the Medical Corps of the navy; Maj. Charles E. Woodruft, now a retired surgeon of the United States army, and Surgeon H. C. Curl, also an able surgeon of the navy; then superintendent of the of the navy, then superintendent of the Colon Hospital under the Panama cana commission. The testimony of these surgeons is convincing to my mind that Col. Perkins, while suffering from nervcoursess, was not mentally unbalanced. Each of them knew Col. Perkins long and intimately enough to form an estimate of his mental condition; and these four able surgeons were direct and positive in their statements that his mental condition was stable and that he was fitted to discharge the duties inherent to his position."

Qualified for Promotion.

Further, Secretary Daniels' letter states The examining board on July 17, 1906, composed of three colonels, a medical inspector and a surgeon, received a report from the medical members that Col. Perkins was physically qualified for promotion and thereupon the board unanimously made the following finding:

"We hereby certify that Maj. Constantine M. Perkins, United States Marine

on to sisson seems of the series of seems of the latter are of seems. Rear Admiral Mayo's flagship, Dolphin and the cruiser Des Moines are lying in the river of the city. The officers go as hore freely in citizens' dress and visit the battlefields. They have received many courtesies at the hands of all the constitutionalist officers. The Connecticut, the Birmingham and several destroyers are lying off the port.

The Vera Cruz Being Raise³

Line the measure, including framed and presented to the Senate at the three bills had reached the senate at the three bills had re world as a considerate way of saying one is crazy, for such finding to rest upon any testimony that is open to question. The preponderance of medical testimony was that he was mentally stable and capable of continued service as an officer of high rank in the Marine Corps."

Attached to the report is a copy of a report made by the naval affairs committee of the House on the same subject in the last Congress—a bitter document, charging specifically that the retirement of Lieut Col. Perkins "was procured by duress and fraud." It relates a series of incidents to bear out the contention that the officer was the victim of persecution.

the officer was the victim of persecuti

Meets Next in Memphis. WAGONER, Okla., May 23.-Memphis Cenn., was selected at today's session of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church general assembly here as the next meeting place of that body over Los Angeles Cal., the only other candidate.

Winnipeg is soon to begin the building of a seven-hundred-and-fifty-thousand-dollar athletic club home, twelve stories

April Record

lines of paid advertising, a daily average of over

100 columns, and a Sunday average of nearly 200

tion of advertising is to be found in the equally

extraordinary concentration of the newspaper

WEEKLY CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

AFFIDAVIT.

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING AND SUNDAY STAR circulated during the seven days ended May 22, 1914—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers—and that the copies so counted are not returnable to or do not remain in the office unsold, except in the case of papers sent to out-of-town agents only, from whom a few returns of unsold papers have not yet been received.

FLEMING NEWBOLD,
Business Manager.

District of Columbia, ss.:
Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-third day of May, A.D. 1914.

LAY R SMITH

May 17......50,733

Business Manager, The Evening Star Newspaper Company.

JAY B. SMITH, Notary Public.

reading public of Washington on The Star.

Last month The Star carried over a million

The reason for this extraordinary concentra-

enact trust legislation at the present session of Congress is the question which is vexing the democratic leaders in Washington. The view of the majority of the democrats in both the Senate and House is that it will be im possible to put the trust bills through

is strenuously opposed to doing. The President may be strong enough to keep Congress here during the sum he was compelled to elect between being mer, but he will have a more difficult task than keeping the members in mentally unstable, or voluntarily retir- Washington last summer. One and all they are clamoring for early adjourn

However, there are many factors in the situation which tend to show that there may be no trust legislation at the present session, with the exception, perfect trade commission bill.

Plan of House Leaders.

In the first place, the House democrats have determined not to send any of the bills relating to the regulation of corporations to the Senate until all have been acted upon. It would have been mission bill yesterday and to have sent it on its way to the Senate immediately. But under the rule adopted by the caucus of the democrats this trade commission bill will have to wait until the two other trust bills have been passed by the House, and it is believed that ten days or two reals will he recession that the standard to show that the rate of half a dozen a day.

The colonel made this statement in response to a question about the organization work of the progressive party in the last year and his opinion regarding proposals for its amalgamation with the republican party. He declined to express any views upon these subjects.

Just at present the colonel said he was busy with literary work that after his return from Spain, July 4. After that he said he would give more time to politics, although he hoped that for six weeks he would not be obliged to give a great deal of time to party affairs.

"I'd like to get acquainted with my family," he explained; but he shook his head doubtfully as he said it.

Amalgamation Not Thought Of. under the rule adopted by the caucus of the democrats this trade commission bill will have to wait until the two other trust bills have been passed by the House, and it is believed that ten days or two weeks will be necessary to complete those measures in the House. It is said that this course was adopted with the idea that an omnibus measure, including the features of all three bills, would be framed and presented to the Senate after the three bills had reached the Senate.

If this be so, there promises to be a pretty fight in the Senate as to whether the interstate commerce committee or

referred to the judiciary committee. As it happens, the judiciary committee has so far given no consideration whatever to the proposed trust legislation. Therefore, should the trust bills be referred to it, the committee will be forced to take several weeks, probably, to consider and profest the sider and perfect the measures, perhaps giving hearings. The frank statement of Senator Overman has considerably complicated the situation. For, were all the trust bills referred to the interstate the trust bills referred to the interstate commerce committee, that committee, it is believed, would be able to make an early report on an omnibus measure. It has been studying trust legislation for some time, and the interstate trade commission bill, drafted by a subcommittee, contains a number of the features now in the other trust bills of the House.

Senator Newlands announced that his committee would take up the interstate trade commission bill Tuesday for consideration and report to the Senate. He sideration and report to the Senate. He said he believed it would be possible for the committee to make its report within a week or ten days at the outside. But he added that the committee had not yet decided whether it would report its bill to the Senate or would wait until it received the House bill.

May Go Into Caucus.

It appears likely that the democrats of the benate will be forced to go into caucus on the trust legislation question, just as were the democrats of the House, or at least that the steering committee will have to adopt a program.

Should it be decided not to enact trus Should it be decided not to enact trust legislation at the present session, but to allow Congress to adjourn after the bills had passed the House, there is excellent chance that another year and a half will elapse before such legislation can be put through. For the next session of Congress is a short session, ending March 4, 1915, and there will barely be time to pass the annual appropriation bills, it is said.

Clayton Bill Discussed.

the railroad securities bill.

A plea that the writing of the antitrust program into law be delayed until
next session, or, if possible, until the next
Congress, was made by Representative
Dyer of Missouri, in the debate on the
Clearton bill Dyer of Missouri, in the debate on the Clayton bill.

"I am in favor of many of the provisions of this bill," he said, "but owing to the present conditions of business throughout the country I believe it ought

to be left to the next session or until the next Congress before being enacted into law. Business conditions now existing. I believe, call for this delay." Urges Support of All.

Representative Floyd of Arkansas.

nember of the judiciary subcommittee which framed the Clayton bill, vigorously supported the measure and urged democrats, republicans and progressives to crats, republicans and progressives to vote for it. He particularly defended the section of the bill legalizing the existence and operation of labor and agricultural unions, declaring it was what labor leaders had asked for. He quoted from the testimony of President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor before

the judiciary committee to show that Mr. Gompers had asked for just what was put in the bill.

"Mr. Gompers pointed out," he said, "that under the present law the labor unions are at the mercy of the Attorney General of the United States. Under the construction of the Sherman antitrust law by the Supreme Court in the Standard oil and American Tobacco Company cases these unions could be at once dissolved.

Bill of Rights for Labor.

"We are doing what Mr. Gompers asked. We are taking them out from under the ban of the law that would make them liable to dissolution. This is a bill of rights for labor."
Representative Nelson of Wisconsin, republican members of the judiciary committee, said that while he would support the administration trade com-mission bill, he was opposed to the Clayton measure. He reviewed the bill in detail and declared it would weaken he Sherman anti-trust law, and would the Sherman anti-trust law, and would leave the enforcement of the law entirely in the hands of the Attorney General instead of making it self-enforcing. The bill, he insisted, would not dissolve holding companies now organized. In forbidding interlocking directorates, he contended, the measure did not reach the root of the evil, but would permit common stock ownership. would permit common stock ownership of pseudo competing corporations to stifle competition.

EXPECT COLONEL TO ANNEX G. O. P

(Continued from First Page.)

primaries are to be held on the same day and that no candidate shall receive the votes of more than one party. Obstacle to Combination

They will attend to that all right

That would keep the republicans and progressives from combining at any time to back a common nominee against the democrats. They will never in the

the House of Representatives came to the conclusion that Lieut. Col. Perkins complaint was justifiable and recommended his reinstatement to the active list of colonels to a place to which he would have held had be not been retired.

Wrote to Committee.

Secretary Daniels took interest in the matter and April 2, 1914, wrote to the Senate naval affairs committee a long letter, in which he outlined the long conversations he had held with onicers who knew Lieut. Col. Perkins. In this letter he said:

"In reaching an opposite conclusion and in deciding to recommend the passage of an amended measure to restore Col. Perkins I have been largely influenced thereto by the evidence of four eminent surgeons who gave testimony before the board, to wit, Col. William C. Gorgas, now surgeon general of the army; Dr. George A. Lung, one of the ablest surgeons in the Medical Corps of the navy; Maj. Charles E. Woodruff, now a retired surgeon of the United States army, and Surgeon H. C. Curl, also an able surgeon in the found that the content itself on the trust question for this session with passing the anti-trust question for this session with passing the anti-trust question for this session with passing the anti-trust time democrats. They will never in the content itself on the trust question for this session with passing the anti-trust duestion for the sending the democrats. They will never in the content itself on the trust question for this session with passing the anti-trust duestion for the sending the democrats. They will never in the content itself on the trust question for this session with passing the anti-trust the democrats. They will net the democrats. They will never in the content itself on the trust question for this session with passing the anti-trust trust question for the limits. The content itself on the trust question for the subject will be attired. The time it board at the democrats. They will net the democrats. They will net the democrats. They will net the colonel all about everything. One of the time it

Amalgamation Not Thought Of.

James R. Garfield of Cleveland, one of the closest political advisers of Col. the closest political advisers of Col. Roosevelt, brought word today that there was no thought among leading progressives of amalgamation with the republicans. Mr. Garfield, who was Secretary of the Interior during the Roosevelt administration, and a member of the "tennis cabinet," came all the way from Ohio, arriving today, to talk politics in his state with the colonel. With him was Arthur L. Garford of Elvira, Ohio.

"The situation in Ohio," said Mr. Garfield, "is very promising. We have from Ohio, arriving today, to talk politics in his state with the colonel. With him was Arthur L. Garford of Elvira, Ohio.

"The situation in Ohio," said Mr. Garfield, "is very promising. We have been hard at work, and have made rapid progress. There is no thought of amalgamation with the republican party."

Although Mr. Garfield did not assume to know of conditions throughout the know of conditions throughout the toknow of conditions throughout the seessment, many persons outside

Roosevelt Quickly Gains Back His Full Strength; Has Strenuous Program

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., May 23 .- To al appearances today, Theodore Roosevelt had recovered entirely from the effects of his trip into the South American jungles. Four days at Sagamore Hill have brought back his full measure of strength, and chased away the lines, which furrowed his face when he re-

turned.

As he sat on the broad veranda of his home on the crown of the hill today, looking over the tops of the trees below to the bay, he appeared to be as fit physically as before he went away. There are a few more gray hairs in his mustache physically as before he well as mustache are a few more gray hairs in his mustache and his weight has been reduced considerably; otherwise there were no signs of change in his appearance from the day he set forth for the southern continent. When Col. Roosevelt returned to this country some concern was felt as to his condition, and a period of rest was prescribed. He protested today that he wanted to obey instructions, but that the fact was that he seldom had been as busy as at the present time. He found time today to take a long walk across country with Mrs. Roosevelt. The rest of the day was given to a long council of war, with a given to a long council of war. with a few political associates and to work with his stenographer.

Plans Hot Campaign.

The political outlook in New York and Col. Roosevelt's time and energies are to be directed to the fight in this state, which is expected to give one of the most severe tests of the strength of the new calls and encores. In the House yesterday the Clayton bill party.

Theodore Douglas Robinson, chairman Theodore Douglas Robinson, Chairman Theodore Douglas Robinson, Chairman

trusts, the second of the administration anti-trust measures, was discussed. General debate on the bill probably will be concluded Tuesday, when detailed consid-sideration will continue for the greater part of the week. It will be followed by the railroad securities bill.

A plea that the writing of the salary and Arthur L. Garford of Elvanors at Sagamore Hill.

were James R. Garneld of Cleveland. Secretary of the Interior under President 1.00sevelt, and Arthur L. Garford of Elyria, both prominent in party affairs in Ohio.

As far as could be learned, the proposal that Col. Roosevelt accept the progressive nomination for Governor of New York was not brought up. Although the former President has been urged by some of his associates to consider the proposal, it can be stated authoritatively that he can foresee no contingency in which he would give the matter serious thought.

Col. Roosevelt would say nothing to indicate that the state ticket had been discussed today. It is understood, however, that Oscar S. Straus, who was the progressive candidate for governor two years ago, has been brought forward as a possible candidate this year for United States senator.

For the candidate for governor several names already have been mentioned.

eral names already have been mentioned. They include Frederick M. Davenport, former state senator, and candidate in 1812 for lieutenant governor; William H.

Hotchkiss, former superintendent of in-surance, and Balnbridge Colby, New York lawyer and one of the most active pro-gressive campaigners in 1912.

missioners Cannot Give Him Impartial Hearing. **COULD ARGUE HE HAS BEEN ACQUITTED ONCE**

Interest Centers in Steps Assistant Assessor May Take to Re-

FACE TRIAL AT ALL

Probably Will Contend Com-

cover Salary. Samuel T. Kalbfus, deposed member of board of assistant assessors of the Dis trict of Columbia, who the Court of Ajpeals has declared was illegally remove from office, may never be called upon to defend before the Commissioners ht-

That legal steps will be taken by M counsel to prevent his being brought to trial on the ground that the Commissioners are not qualified to givhim a fair and impartial hearing and for the additional reason that a person can not twice be tried on charges on which he has once been acquitted was the view expressed yesterday by attorneys and thers who have followed closely deve

right to continue as a membe

ments in the case. Because of the absence from the city yesterday of Frank J. Hogan, attorne Mr. Kalbfus, nothing definite could he learned of the plans that may be con templated for a full restoration to M Kalbfus of his rights as an assistant as-sessor of the District.

Plan to Prefer Charges While the Commissioners stated that

they have not taken up the matter, it was learned that they have informally determined to bring Mr. Kalbfus to trial on formal charges that will be preferred as soon as the legal technicalities inc dent to his resuming his duties at the Municipal building have been perfected. It was pointed out by those who believe District heads will be thwarted in

this effort that the Com

defending before Justice Barnard their action in removing Kalbfus without giving him a hearing, stated, in effect, that a hearing would have been a farce, as the justification for the ousting of the assistant assessor was too apparent to By these statements the Com it is contended, have indicated that they

are not qualified to give Kalbfus an impartial hearing, as they have already judged his case. judged his case.

Again, it is suggested, the congressional investigation of the assessor's office brought out no new facts tending to prove Kalbfus' guilt of charges of which he was acquitted at a formal inquiry, conducted by the former board of Commissioners. For this reason, the right of the present board to again try him on these charges is doubted.

is doubted.

Indications are that Mr. Kaibfus will not attempt to take his seat until a court order requiring the Commissioners to surrender it to him has been issued. It may be a couple of weeks before the order is issued.

Speculation as to Salary.

In the meantime speculation promises to center particularly in the question whether the new triennial assess ment has been invalidated by the ruling in the Kalbfus case. Another phase of the situation in which there is much interest relates to the steps that may

to know of conditions throughout the country, he expressed himself as of the opinion that any talk of merging the opinion that any talk of merging the local government service were inclined to take a different view of the matter. Predictions were freely made that the assessment would be contested. Roosevelt and his associates.

Former Senator Beveridge of Indiana, who was expected at Sagamore Hill to day, sent word that he would be unable to reach here, being detained in Indian, apolis. Mr. Robinson and Mr. Post arrived in time for luncheon with Col. Roosevelt.

Deceased the expression of the assessment, many persons outside the local government service were inclined to take a different view of the matter. Predictions were freely made that the assessment would be contested. It was suggested that the only way in which the Commissioners could meet the situation would be to petition Congress for a reassessment act.

Concerning the claim for his salary, Mr. Kalfous, it was stated, could endeavor to recover the amount by suing the District, which is a municipal corporation.

ITS FINAL PRESENTATION

Management Rings Down Curtain on Pageant-Drama, "The Fire Regained."

The theatrical season is closed for 1.200 young actresses and actors who have been taking part in the magnificent Greek pageant drama, "The Fire Regained that has been presented, much to the enjoyment of the Washington public, for a week at the open-air amphitheater at the day Avenue of the Presidents and V street

> largely attended. Nearly one-half of the spectators were school children, who had been deprived of the pleasure the night before on account of the rain. The participants in the spectacle threw

The closing performance last night was

themselves into the final performance with all the zeal they knew and their efforts were vigorously applauded. Many Given Encores.

Miss Effie Baker's esthetic dances de-

The political outlook in New York and Ohio was taken up today. Plans for a vigorous campaign in New York state were sketched in bare outline. Much of leading actors were given similar ap-The chariot race was again the thriller

of the performance, and serious collision on one of the turns was prevented only by the clever horsemanship and nerve of the drivers. Mrs. Lightfoot, driving the white charlot, was cheered and applauded when she won the final race.

VESSEL BURNS AT SEA.

Greek Schooner Destroyed While Sponge Fishing-Crew Saved. KEY WEST, Fla., May 23.-The Greek

in sponge fishing, was destroyed by fire seven miles from here today. The four members of the crew were taken off by a launch. The origin of the fire is not known.

Burning of the Amelia followed the
earlier wrecking and sinking of a small
Greek sponging vessel here by sympathizers of native sponge fishermen.

Much feeling has been aroused among

chooner Amelia, a small vessel engaged

native sponge fishermen as a result of the activities of the Greeks. Rain Halts Forest Fires in West.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 23 .- Rain fell throughout western Washington today, extinguishing several forest fires which had threatened to do great damage.